## Claims

[c1] 1.A parallel pseudo-random binary sequence checker comprising:

circuitry capable of receiving a pseudo-random binary sequence in parallel n-bit sample, wherein said pseudo-random binary sequence is generated by a pseudo-random binary sequence generator;

circuitry capable of automatically synchronizing the state of said receiving means with an n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence to provide a next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence; and

circuitry capable of comparing said next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence to said next received n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence, wherein said comparing means indicates an error condition occurred if said next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence does not equal to said next received n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence.

[c2] 2.The checker of Claim 1, wherein said checker further includes

a plurality of latches and a plurality of XOR gates connected to a subset of said plurality of latches; circuitry capable of loading 16 most significant bits to said checker; circuitry capable of loading 15 least significant bits to said checker; and circuitry capable of serially advancing said plurality of latches twice.

- [c3] The checker of Claim 1, wherein said checker further includes a multiplexor for yielding output bits in parallel.
- [c4] The checker of Claim 1, wherein said checker further includes a mask register.
- [c5] The checker of Claim 1, wherein said checker further includes an error window start register and an error window end register coupled to an error counter.
- [c6] The checker of Claim 1, wherein said checker further includes a sync detect start register, a sync detect end register, a sync detect threshold register and a sync detector.
- [c7] 7.A method for synchronizing a parallel pseudo-random binary sequence checker, said method comprising: receiving a pseudo-random binary sequence in parallel n-bit sample, wherein said pseudo-random binary se-

quence is generated by a pseudo-random binary sequence generator;

automatically synchronizing the state of said receiving means with an n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence to provide a next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence; and comparing said next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence to said next received n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence, wherein said comparing means indicates an error condition occurred if said next n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence does not equal to said next received n-bit sample within said pseudo-random binary sequence.

- [08] 8.The method of Claim 7, wherein said method further includes loading 16 most significant bits to said checker; loading 15 least significant bits to said checker; and serially advancing said plurality of latches twice.
- [c9] The method of Claim 7, wherein said method further includes providing a multiplexor for yielding output bits in parallel.
- [c10] The method of Claim 1, wherein said method further includes providing a mask register for masking specific

bits in error.

- [c11] The method of Claim 1, wherein said method further includes providing an error counter to count a number of errors occurred since said checker was previously reset.
- [c12] The method of Claim 1, wherein said method further includes providing a logical indication of an occurrent of a failed synchronization.